Clarifying the stem cell debate By John Thomas Genomics and Medicine

Stem cell basics

- Stem cells
 - Capable of dividing and renewing themselves for long periods without differentiating
 - Not fully specialized
 - Can give rise to specialized cells
- Sources
 - Embryonic stem cells
 - Adult stem cells
 - Umbilical cord
 - Amniotic fluid

Potential Uses

- Knowledge of development from single cell to multi-cell
- Knowledge of tissue repair
- Therapeutic implications most debated
- Important to recognize that these technologies are very far off in the future; least known about, most debated

Stem cell derivation

 IVF - must be removed at the blastocyst stage

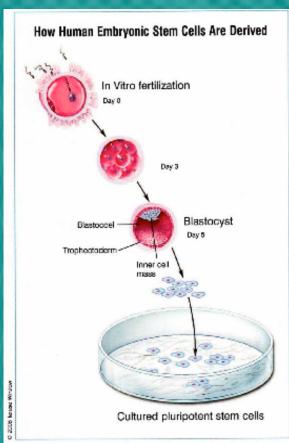
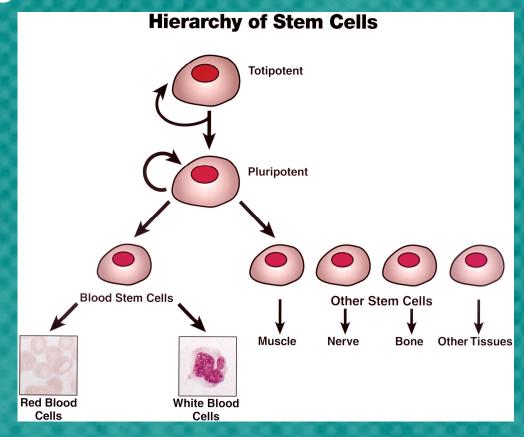


Figure 1.1. How Human Embryonic Stem Cells are Derived



Legislative History

- 1994: Congress blocks federal funding of embryo research
- 1998: First isolation of human ES (using private funding)
- 2001: President Bush makes federal funding available for human ES cell research (only for currently existing lines limited, defective)
- 2004: NJ includes stem cell research funds in budget

- 2004: Proposition 71 approved in CA
- 2005-2007: Legislation considered in other states (DE, MA, IN, MD)
- April 11, 2007: Senate passed bill to expand federal funding for ES cell research (Bush promises to veto)
- June/July 2007: Prop 71 funds

Issues

Adult vs. embryonic

Status of embryos - definitions of life

(conception, survival, religious)

Cloning fears

Family

Media battle

IVF

Regulation





- Care vs. Cure; ends vs. means; protecting vs. improving life which is more important?
- Irony If we never research, we will never find out

Therapeutic Vs.

Reproductive Cloning

Female or male donor male donor

Holding Holding

Reproductive Cloning

Female or male donor male donor

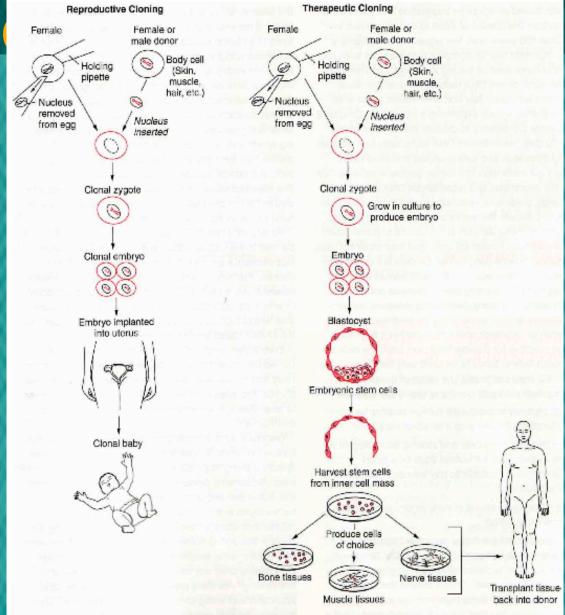


Figure 11.20 Reproductive Cloning and Therapeutic Cloning In reproductive cloning, the goal is to produce a cloned baby. In therapeutic cloning stem calls that are genetically identical to the cells taken from a patient are produced to provide patient-specific stem cell therapy.

What next?

- Research in US, limited because of funding
- Headines: Italian Doctor Uses Stem Cells to Construct Vagina(05/30/2007, Reuters Health)
- Cord Blood Stem Cells Produce Insulin(05/25/2007, Reuters Health)
- Human Bone Marrow Used to Create Early Stage Sperm Cells(04/13/2007, HealthDay)
- Lung, muscle, neural tissue
- Internationally UK, Italy, Australia, Canada, China, Israel,
- Tremendous potential cancer, heart disease, diabetes, Parkinson's, Alzheimer's and many others
- We only have what we're born with. Stem cells can change that.

Works Cited

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